UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK		
	·X	
ROSARIO IVETTE,	:	
	:	20-CV-7004 (JMF) (BCM)
Plaintiff,	:	
	:	ORDER OF SERVICE &
-V-	:	SCHEDULING ORDER
	:	
COMMISSIONER OF SOCIAL SECURITY,	:	
	:	
Defendant.	:	
	:	
	X	

JESSE M. FURMAN, United States District Judge:

Plaintiff, who is proceeding without counsel, filed this action brought pursuant to 42 U.S.C. § 405(g) on August 26, 2020. *See* ECF No. 2. On September 2, 2020, the Court issued an Order directing the Clerk of Court to notify the U.S. Attorney's Office for the Southern District of New York of the filing of this suit. *See* ECF No. 5. On December 3, 2020, the Court was notified that because of a clerical error, the U.S. Attorney's Office never received notice of this action. Therefore, the Clerk of Court is directed to promptly notify the U.S. Attorney's Office for the Southern District of New York of the filing of this case. In accordance with this District's Standing Order governing *pro se* challenges to denials of social security benefits (*see In re: Mots. J. Pleadings Social Sec. Cases*, 16-MC-0171), the following briefing schedule applies:

- Within 90 days of service, the Commissioner must serve and file the Electronic Certified Administrative Record (e-CAR), which will constitute the Commissioner's answer, or otherwise move against the complaint.
- If the Commissioner wishes to file a motion for judgment on the pleadings, the Commissioner must do so **within 60 days** of the date on which the e-CAR was filed. The motion must contain a full recitation of the relevant facts and a full description of the underlying administrative proceeding.

- The plaintiff must file an answering brief within 60 days of the filing of the Commissioner's motion.
- The Commissioner may file a reply within 21 days thereafter.
- Generally, memoranda in support of or in opposition to any dispositive motion may
 not exceed 25 pages in length; reply memoranda may not exceed ten pages in length.
 A party seeking to exceed these page limitations must apply to the Court for leave to
 do so, with copies to all counsel, no fewer than seven days before the date on which
 the memorandum is due.

In addition, by the Court's Order dated September 2, 2020, *see* ECF No. 6, this case was referred to the assigned Magistrate Judge for a report and recommendation on any motion for judgment on the pleadings. Magistrate Judges are judges selected by the District Judges to serve for terms of eight years. Magistrate Judges are highly qualified and very experienced.

To conserve resources, to promote judicial efficiency, and in an effort to achieve a faster disposition of this matter, it is hereby ORDERED that the parties must discuss whether they are willing to consent, under 28 U.S.C. § 636(c), to conducting all further proceedings before the assigned Magistrate Judge. If the parties consent to having the Magistrate Judge decide the case, the Magistrate Judge replaces the District Judge, thereby speeding up the resolution of the case (because only one judge instead of two will be involved in the case). Any appeal from a Magistrate Judge's decision following consent is directly to the United States Court of Appeals for the Second Circuit in the same way that an appeal from a District Judge's decision would be taken. By contrast, if the parties do not consent to having the Magistrate Judge decide the case, the Magistrate Judge will first issue a Report and Recommendation, and the District Judge will then consider any objections either party has to the Report and Recommendation before a final judgment is entered, at which point an appeal to the Second Circuit could be taken.

If both parties consent to proceed before the Magistrate Judge, counsel for Defendant

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must, within two weeks of the date on which Defendant enters an appearance, either mail or

email to Furman_NYSDChambers@nysd.uscourts.gov a fully executed Notice, Consent, and

Reference of a Civil Action to a Magistrate Judge form, a copy of which is attached to this Order

(and also available at https://www.nysd.uscourts.gov/node/754). If the Court approves that form,

all further proceedings will then be conducted before the assigned Magistrate Judge rather than

before the undersigned. An information sheet on proceedings before magistrate judges is also

attached to this Order.

If you do not consent to having the Magistrate Judge decide your case, there will be no

adverse consequences. If either party does not consent to conducting all further proceedings

before the assigned Magistrate Judge, the parties must file a joint letter, within two weeks of the

date on which Defendant enters an appearance advising the Court that the parties do not

consent, but without disclosing the identity of the party or parties who do not consent.

The Clerk of the Court is directed to mail a copy of this Order to Plaintiff.

SO ORDERED.

Dated: December 3, 2020

New York, New York

JESSE M. FURMAN
United States District Judge

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UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

for the

S	outhern District of New York	
Plaintiff V. Defendant)) Civil Action No.))	
NOTICE, CONSENT, AND REFE	RENCE OF A CIVIL ACTION TO A MAGIS	TRATE JUDGE
proceedings in this civil action (including a jury	clity. A United States magistrate judge of this cour or nonjury trial) and to order the entry of a final judgment of appeals like any other judgment of this court tarily consent.	dgment. The judgment may
	erred to a magistrate judge, or you may withhold yourty withholding consent will not be revealed to any	
	prity. The following parties consent to have a Unitrial, the entry of final judgment, and all post-trial	
Parties' printed names	Signatures of parties or attorneys	Dates
	Reference Order	
	red to a United States magistrate judge to conductive with 28 U.S.C. § 636(c) and Fed. R. Civ. P. 7	

Date: $District\ Judge's\ signature$

Printed name and title

Return this form to the clerk of court only if you are consenting to the exercise of jurisdiction by a United States Note: magistrate judge. Do not return this form to a judge.



UNITED STATES MAGISTRATE JUDGES: REFERRALS AND CONSENTS

All cases in the Southern District of New York are assigned to two judges: a district judge and a magistrate judge. District judges are appointed for life terms by the President. Magistrate judges are selected by a majority vote of the district judges in the particular district and serve terms of eight years.

Referrals to the Magistrate Judge. The district judge assigned to your case may refer the case to a magistrate judge for specific purposes. Commonly, the referral will be for the magistrate judge to conduct the proceedings that occur before trial, such as resolving discovery disputes or presiding over settlement conferences. A referral may also be made for the magistrate judge to issue to the district judge a report and recommendation on how to resolve a motion, such as a motion to dismiss or a motion for summary judgment. The consent of the parties is not needed for the district judge to refer the case to the magistrate judge for these purposes. If the district judge has made such a referral, you can ask the district judge to review any magistrate judge's decision by filing an objection with the district judge within fourteen days of that decision. The district judge will rule on any timely objections that you file. If you do not file an objection, you will give up your right to challenge the magistrate judge's decision at a later time, including on appeal. See Rule 72 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure.

Consent to Proceed Before the Magistrate Judge. If you would like your case to move more quickly, it is helpful to consent to proceed before the magistrate judge for all purposes, including any trial. If you consent, the magistrate judge will perform the identical function that the district judge would have performed. Any trial in your case would be either a jury or a nonjury trial, depending upon whether there is a right to a jury trial and a proper request for such a trial. The only difference is that the magistrate judge – and not the district judge – would preside over that trial. Cases that proceed for all purposes before a magistrate judge generally move more quickly than cases before a district judge. If you consent to proceed before the magistrate judge, the district judge plays no further role in the case. Any appeal is taken directly to the Court of Appeals. It is your choice whether or not to consent to proceed before the magistrate judge, and all parties must consent or the case will not proceed before the magistrate judge.

A copy of the appropriate consent form is attached. Additional forms are also available from the Pro Se Office and on the Court's website.

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THE CHARLES L. BRIEANT, JR.
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